Curriculum Intent Key Stages 1 & 2 Subject long-term planning Subject: Music





Key stage: EYFS Subject: Music Year: Rec

	Half term 1	2	3	4	5	6
Title	Marvelous Me!	Let's Celebrate!	Terrific Tales!	Amazing Animals!	Come Outside!	Ticket to Ride!
Overall intent- rationale	This topic helps the children learn all about themselves, their bodies and senses through music (body percussion)	This topic helps children develop their awareness of celebrations and difference. It develops their awareness of change in music (loud and quiet)	This topic helps children develop their story- telling and uses music to support the overall effect of this	This topic helps children learn about different animals. We explore a farm setting and learn songs to support this theme.	This topic helps the children learn about 'Plants and Growing' Their knowledge of structure of music and dynamics is developed through music/songs	This topic develops the children's awareness of travel and the world. We enhance and develop this using music from other countrie/ cultures
Why this? Why now?	Pupils at our Nursery will have had many opportunities to explore body percussion/ instrumental sounds through Phase 1 phonics)	Pupils at our Nursery will have had many opportunities to explore sounds around us (environmental/ instrumental) This unit will develop their awareness of 'Dynamics'	Pupils at our Nursery will be familiar with many Traditional stories. We focus on 'Goldilocks and the Three Bears' and develop this through music	Pupils will have previously been on a school farm visit (Spring 1- linked with seasonal changes, lambing and new growth). This will re-visit and extend prior learning	related to the topic Pupils have previously learned about Dynamics (Autumn 2)	/places (seaside)
Key concepts Knowledge & skills	Students understand: • Beat and tempo (Music Express-Special People- 'Say Hello',' How do you do?',' 'Hands, feet and Faces')	Students understand: • Dynamics (Music Express-Growth and Change- 'Winter'. 'Storm', Wakey, Wakey Bear', 'Brown Bear's	Students understand: • Pitch (Music Express- Going Places- 'Three Bears Rap' and 'What Happened to Goldilocks?')	Students understand • Texture (Music Express- Working World- 'When we're on the Farm', 'Farmyard Scene' and Farm Animals	Students understand: • Structure • Dynamics (Music Express- Moving Patterns- 'Cricket Capers', 'The Mini-Beast	Students understand: • Timbre • Beat and Tempo (Music Express-Special People-'Kye, Kye Kule'.
	Students know: • We can make sounds with different parts of our bodies eg. clap, stamp feet, click fingers etc. • We can keep a steady beat using our bodies/	Snoring') Students know: • Sounds can be quiet or loud • we can change our voice to make loud or quiet sounds • we can play instruments loudly or quietly	 Students know: Sounds can be high or low pitched We can change the pitch of our voices to make high and low sounds 	and Beyond') Students know: • Instrumental parts of music are when there is no singing • We can create our own music	Parade', 'Dainty Little Butterfly', Caterpillar Caper', 'Caterpillar') Students know: • Music/songs can have a verse and chorus • We can match movements to the music	Our Senses- 'What can you see?', Seaside Symphony') Ladysmith Black Mambazo- Inkanyezi Nezazi (Handa's Surprise) Students know: • Different sounds can produce music

percussion instruments		٠	Control their voice to make	Studen •	ts can: Match	Studer •	its can: Identify the	•	There are different
Students can: • Make sounds with different parts of their bodies • Keep a steady beat	Students can: • control their voice to sing/talk loudly or quietly • play percussion instruments loudly and quietly	•	low/high pitched sounds Match these high/low sounds to the corresponding part of the song (Three Bears Rap)	•	movements to the instrumental parts of the music Create their own music based on music inspired by animals such as 'Carnival of the Animals' or 'Peter and the Wolf'	•	repeated parts in a song (chorus) Match movements to the music	Studen •	groups of instruments ts can: Use a variety of resources to make their own sounds/music Sort percussion instruments into groups by a given criteria

Key stage: 1 Subject: Music

Music Year: 1

	Half term 1	2	3	4	5	6
Title	Sounds interesting	The long and short of it	Feel the pulse	N/A	Taking off	What's the score?
Overall intent – rationale	Exploring sounds	Exploring duration	Exploring pulse and rhythm		Exploring pitch	Exploring instruments and symbols
Why this? Why now?	Pupils learnt about sounds in half terms 1 and 2 of Reception. This will allow them to revisit their	Now is the time for pupils to start to thinking about the length of different sounds to make	This will expand upon half term 2 and look at recognizing the differences between beat and rhythm,		Pitch allows the pupils to experiment with their voices and other instruments and begin to think about how melodies are created.	This will expand upon ideas covered in half term 5 and allow pupils to see symbols representing pitch.

	knowledge and build upon this at the start of Y1.	rhythms and could include simple Kodaly rhythm flash cards.	which can often be a difficult concept.		
Key concepts knowledge & skills (Must be all three)	Pupils understand: how to identify different sounds how to change and use sounds expressively in response to a stimulus.	Pupils understand: • how to discriminate between longer and shorter sound • how to use	 Pupils understand: how to recognize the difference between beat and rhythm how to perform with a sense of beat. 	 Pupils understand: how to discriminate between higher and lower sounds. how to create simple melodic patterns. 	 Pupils understand: different ways sounds are made and changed. how to name and play a variety of classroom instruments.
	 Pupils know: how to recognize different sound sources. how to explore different sound sources. how to focus their listening. how to explore and control instruments. how to explore expressive use of sounds. how to use sounds expressively to illustrate a story. 	sounds to create interesting sequences of sound. Pupils know: • how to use their voices to make a variety of long and short sounds. • how to respond to long and short sounds through movement. • how to make sounds of	 Pupils know: what is meant by steady beat. how to control a beat. what is meant by rhythm. how to combine beat and rhythm. how to recall and copy rhythm patterns. how to create rhythm patterns based on words and phrases. how to use beat and rhythm to create and accompaniment for a song. 	 Pupils know: what is meant by pitch. how to control the pitch of the voice. how to respond to changes in pitch. how to relate sounds to symbol. that pitch can be used descriptively. Pupils can: follow pitch movement with their hands and use high, low and middle voices. sing a melody accurately at their own pitch. move up or down follow is movement in the second s	 Pupils know: about classroom instruments. how to identify different ways instruments make sounds. how to identify how symbols can represent sounds. how symbols can be used to describe changing sounds. how to listen carefully and respond to sounds using movement. how to compose a class composition and contribute to the creation of a class score.
	identify different sound sources.listen carefully.	different duration using voices	Pupils can:	following changes in pitch.play and sing phrases from dot notation.	Pupils can:

make sounds and	and	• identify the beat in	record their own	• identify instruments
recognize how they	instruments.	different pieces of	tunes.	and the way their
can give a message.	• that music is	music and join in at	create and choose	sounds can be
play instruments in	made up of	a faster and slower	sounds in response	changed.
different ways.	long and	tempi.	to a given stimulus.	identify different
handle and play	short	identify the rhythm		groups of
instruments with	sounds.	of the words.		instruments.
control.	 how to use 	perform rhythms to		perform together
make and select	instruments to make	a given beat.		using symbols as a
sounds to reflect the mood of the		recall and perform		support.
	sequences of long and	rhythm patterns to		 perform together and follow instructions
story.	short	a steady beat.		which combine the
 select sounds and sound sources 	sounds.	 begin to internalise and create rhythm 		musical elements.
carefully in	500H05.	patterns.		 identify different
response to a story.		 accompany a song 		sounds by matching
response to a story.	Pupils can:	by playing the beat		movements to given
	 recognize 	or rhythm.		sounds.
	long and	or mythin.		make a composition
	short sounds			and their own
	and make			symbols as part of a
	longer and			class score.
	shorter			 choose sounds and
	sounds with			instruments carefully.
	their voices.			make improvements
	 explore long 			to their own and
	and short			others' work
	sounds on			
	classroom			
	instruments			
	in response			
	to symbols.			
	 identify long 			
	and short			
	sounds in			
	music.			
	• create a			
	sequence of			
	long and			
	short			
	sounds.			

•	create a		
	sequence of		
	long and		
	sequence of long and short sounds		
	on		
	instruments.		

Key stage: 1 Subject: Music Year: 2

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Title	Ourselves	Toys	N/A	Animals	Pattern	Travel
Overall intent – rationale	Exploring Sounds	Exploring Beat		Exploring Pitch	Exploring Beat	Performance
Why this? Why now?	Pupils will build upon work on sounds from Y1 and focus on themselves at the start of a new academic year.	Beat underpins everything in music and develops the work on duration from Y1.		This is a good opportunity to see if pupils remember the 'Taking Off' Unit from Y1 and expand on their understanding of pitch.	A further chance to develop the concept of Beat from half term 2 and 'Toys'.	This allows pupils to learn about performing and draw upon their work throughout Y2.
Key concepts knowledge & skills (Must be all three)	 Pupils understand: how to discover ways to use their voices to describe feelings and moods. how to create and notate vocal sounds, building to a performance. 	 Pupils understand: how to move and play to a stady beat and to sound sequnces. how to control changing tempo as they take a scooter ride. 		 Pupils understand: how to link animal movement with pitch movement to help develop understanding and recognition of changing pitch. how to interpret pitch line notation using voices and tuned 	 Pupils understand: how to use simple notations. how to play, create and combine minibeast rhythms using body percussion and instruments. Pupils know: how to perform steady beat patterns, including in groups, to accompany a song. how to play different patterns 	 Pupils understand: how to learn a Tanzanian game song and accompany a travelling song using voices and instruments. how to improvise their own descriptive 'theme park' music after listening to orchestral music. Pupils know: how to explore patterns of abusian measurement in a
	Pupils know:how to create and respond to	 Pupils know: how to keep a steady beat at 		instruments.	of steady beat within four beats,and matching them to a simple score.	 physical movement in a game song. how to respond to a song with movement.

vocal sounds	different	how to listen to a how to perform	and create • how to use simple musical
and body	speeds.	 how to listen to a how to perform a steady beat and simple three-beat 	
percussion.	 how to 	respond in using simple sco	
 how to develop 	develop a	movement. • how to interpret	
the use of vocal	sense of	how to perform perform differen	
sounds to	steady beat	changes in pitch patterns.	song.
express feelings.	through chant,	using whole body • how to perform a	_
 how to explore 	actions and	movement and pattern with voic	
expression in	instruments.	voice. percussion.	music.
conversation	how to	how to how to	
without words.	perform a	understand and to organize musi	
 how to notate 	steady beat.	perform upwards	at changing tempi.
pitch shape and	 how to change 	and downwards Pupils can:	 how to prepare and improve
duration using	tempo.	pitch direction. • explore structure	
simple line	 how to 	 how to read pitch and appreciate m 	
graphics.	respond to	line notation. notations.	percussion.
how to	images.	 how to play pitch understand and 	
understand how		lines on tuned music is created.	
mood can be	Pupils can:	percussion. • use their voices of	
expressed using	explore	 how to combine 	
the voice.	tempo,	pitch changes	Pupils can:
how to	dynamics and	with changes in	 sing and play a musical
understand the	timbre.	other	instrument.
structure of call	• use their	elements/dimens	• explore tempo, timbre and
and response	voices	ions.	appropriate musical
songs.	expressively		notations.
	and creatively	Pupils can:	 listen to, review and
Pupils can:	by speaking	explore pitch,	evaluate music, including
 sing and use 	chant	duration, and	the works of great
their voices.	 play a musical 	appropriate	composers.
use their voices	instrument.	musical	
expressively and	create music	notations.	
creatively by	on their own	learn to sing and	
singing songs	and with	to use their	
and speaking	other.	voices	
rhymes.		expressively.	
• explore pitch,		listen to, review	
duration, and		and evaluate	
appropriate		music.	
forms of		play tuned	
notation.		instruments	
		musically.	

listen to, review		
and evaluate		
music, including		
the works of		
great		
composers.		

Key stage: 2 Subject: Music

Music Year: 3

	Half term 1	2	3	4	5	6
Unit Title	Let's Go	N/A	Let's Go continued	N/A	The Class Orchestra	The Class Orchestra
Overall intent – rationale Why this? Why now?	In this Unit, Children learn to play their instrument with a secure technique and will develop their singing ability to be able to use the voice with control. They will begin to perform simple rhythmic and melodic patterns in time with a secure beat and understand the difference between rhythm and pulse. They will start to use simple notation and explore some of the interrelated dimensions of music such as tempo, duration, dynamics and pitch. Aural skills will be developed through the voice and instrument.				This Unit develops the children's ability to create, combine and perform rhythmic and melodic material as part of a class performance. The pupils will develop their composition and improvisation skills and in performance they will maintain their own parts with confidence. Notation will be used to support musical learning. Aural skills we be developed further through a range of more complex activities and games. They will be able to begin to demonstrate knowledge of the interrelated dimensions of music on their instrument and vocally.	
	Pupils will have their first opportunity to play a musical instrument for a prolonged period of time in KS2. This is after a number				Pupils will be able to use the skills they have learnt so far on Recorder over the last term.	

	of years of learning about music and playing different instruments each week during KS1.	Their ensemble skills will be starting to develop more.
Key concepts knowledge & skills (Must be all three)	Pupils understand: • the need for good posture and diction whilst singing and playing in order to make a pleasing sound. • • how to develop an awareness of the interrelated dimensions of music, pulse and articulations. • Pupils know: • how to begin to demonstrate a	Pupils understand: • how to play with a sense of pulse in time with backing tracks and other pupils. • and continue to develop an awareness of the interrelated dimensions of music, pulse and articulations. • Listen to a variety of music from
	 Now to begin to demonstrate a secure pulse and understanding of rhythm. how to respond to visual cues for starting/stopping, loud/quiet and 	different periods, countries, cultures and genres.
	 fast/slow. and can recognize and describe how sounds are made and changed on their instruments. how to memorise rhythmic and melodic phrases. how to make constructive comments about their own and others' work to make 	 Pupils know: how to begin to show an awareness of how changes in pitch can be shown on a stave and use notation to learn simple melodic phrase. how to recognise different metres (e.g. 2, 3 or 4 time).
	 improvements to the quality of the sound and technique. how to listen to a variety of music from different periods, countries, cultures and genres. 	 Pupils can: play with a consistently pleasing sound and demonstrate a good technique both on the instrument and vocally. follow a conductor during whole
	 Pupils can: perform simple phrases using conventional rhythmic/melodic notation including crotchet, quaver, minim. 	 class performances and small group compositions. maintain a second or third part in a vocal or instrumental piece showing an understanding of

 begin to maintain a simple part in a whole class performance. begin to explore simple improvisations using one note/rhythms. play a variety of pieces with simple changes of metre. 	 texture (partner songs, ostinati, rounds). make soundscapes/descriptive/atmosp heric pieces with narrative/through-composed structures. improvise with increasing confidence using 2 – 3 notes/more varied rhythms. memorise rhythmic and melodic phrases and match to conventional/graphic pitch notation. make changes to technique and compositions in order to improve the quality of the music that is produced .
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Key stage: 2 Subject: Music Year: 4

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Title	N/A	On with the Show	On with the Show	Concert ready!	N/A	N/A
Overall intent – rationale		This Unit develops and demonstrates the children's ability to take part in a class performance with confidence, expression and		This Unit will give pupils the opportunity to perform at an Entrust WCET Concert as part of a large ensemble with other schools and a variety of instruments Materials will be		
Why this? Why now?		control. The children plan, sing compose and play instrumental pieces in order to achieve a quality class performance. They will embed a secure instrumental technique and produce a pleasing musical sound. Their knowledge of the interrelated dimensions of music will be more secure and their aural skills will continue to develop. They		provided to build on the pupils prior knowledge and skills in order to complete the year with a public performance.		

	 will show more confidence in reading notation use this to learn pieces for their concert. Pupils will be able to use the skills they have learnt on Recorder during Y3. Their ensemble skills will now have developed, as will their knowledge of the interrelated 	
	dimensions of music to apply to the music they play.	
	Pupils understand:	
Кеу	 how to sing and play with an 	
concepts	awareness of how the	
knowledge	interrelated dimensions of	
& skills	music affect the performance	
	and its impact on the audience.	
(Must be	how to listen to a variety of	
all three)	music from different periods,	
	countries, cultures and genres.	
	Pupils know:	
	 how to learn new pieces by 	
	using standard stave notation.	
	 how to use aural skills to match 	
	sound and notation patterns.	
	 how to recognise changes in 	
	metre aurally and through	
	movement.	
	how to make constructive	
	comments on their own and	
	others' music to develop compositions and	
	performances discussing some	
	of the interrelated dimensions	
	of music.	
	Pupils can:	
	play with a well-established	
	instrumental technique to	
	produce a consistent sound	

using mor	e complex	
technique	5.	
• play as pa	t of a class ensemble	
with conf	dence and a secure	
pulse.		
follow a v	ariety of conductors	
including	other teachers and	
pupils to p	lay together as a	
group.		
perform p	ieces with two or	
three part	s with confidence and	
accuracy	o create a layered	
piece.		
compose	and layer simple	
ostinati to		
accompar	iment for a song.	
	more than 1 bar of	
	confidence.	